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                   IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                   FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
 4
                         CHARLOTTESVILLE DIVISION
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     BRENNAN M. GILMORE,
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                    Plaintiff,
                                       Civil Case No.
                                        3:18-cv-00017-NKM-JCH
 7
     vs.
 8
     ALEXANDER E. JONES, et al,
                                      Tuesday, October 19, 2021
 9
                    Defendants.
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                     TRANSCRIPT OF DISCOVERY DISPUTE
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                MAGISTRATE JUDGE JOEL C. HOPPE PRESIDING
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                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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     Proceedings recorded by FTR and transcribed using computer
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          (FTR recording began at 9:35 A.M.)
               THE COURT: All right. And quickly, who's on the
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     line for the plaintiffs?
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               MR. GRAVES: Good morning, Your Honor. This is
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     Anwar Graves with O'Melvney and Meyers. I'm joined by my
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     colleague, Hassen Sayeed.
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               MR. SAYEED: Good morning, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Mr. Randazza, you're on the line?
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               MR. RANDAZZA: Yes, Your Honor. And my colleague,
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     Jay Wolman is on as well, I believe.
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               Jay, are you here?
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               MR. WOLMAN: Yes, I am. Thank you.
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               Good morning, Your Honor.
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               MR. GRAVES: And, Your Honor, on behalf of the
     plaintiffs, we also have Kimya Saied.
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               THE COURT: Yes. Yes, I think I've got that.
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               All right. And then how about for the Free Speech?
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               MR. RANDAZZA: I'm sorry, Your Honor, somebody's --
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               THE COURT: Someone's typing in the background.
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     Whoever is typing, please put your phone on mute. It's hard
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     to hear other people speaking.
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               For the Free Speech defendants, who's on the line?
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               MR. RANDAZZA: That would be myself, Mark Randazza,
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     and Mr. Wolman.
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               THE COURT: All right. Let's see, and then how
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     about Mr. Stranahan, are you on the line? Is Mr. Stranahan on
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     the line?
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               Okay. How about Mr. Creighton?
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               MR. CREIGHTON: Yes. Good morning, Your Honor, I'm
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     here.
               THE COURT: All right. Good morning.
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               Let's see, and then, Mr. Burns, are you on the line
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     for Mr. Hoft?
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               MR. BURNS: Yes, Your Honor. Good morning.
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               THE COURT: Good morning.
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               All right. I think that's everybody who should be
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     on the line; is that right?
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               MR. WACHEN: Your Honor, David Wachen on behalf of
     Defendant Lee Ann McAdoo is also on the line.
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               THE COURT: Mr. Wachen, that's right.
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               Good morning.
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               All right. Well, counsel and Mr. Creighton, I think
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     I'd ask, Mr. Graves, were you anticipating Mr. Stranahan being
     on the line?
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               MR. GRAVES: I don't believe so. I haven't heard
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     from him and none of these issues pertain to him, unless
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     Your Honor decides to go into trial scheduling. So I don't
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     see a need for him to be here, unless we have that
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     conversation.
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               THE COURT: Well, and that was one thing I thought
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we were going to take up is getting this scheduled to trial. MR. GRAVES: Yeah. And so I know we corresponded with Mr. Stranahan via e-mail. And I think we -- I mean, the entire -- all the parties here are included on those communications. I don't recall him having any objection to the dates that we were offered, but I don't want to confirm that without him making his own representation to the Court on that. THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well, why don't we just -- can we take up that issue getting this case set for In looking at the e-mail about the various conflicts, it seems like there should be some time to get, what is that, an 8-day trial scheduled certainly before next fall. Are there any times -- it looks like there's some windows perhaps in the late spring, early summer for the parties.

MR. GRAVES: Yes. I know as a group we all were corresponding about this issue, and we thought we would take the Court on its offer of late July, early August as a trial date. But I believe Mr. Randazza believed that he might be in trial during that timeframe. And so, I guess I'd defer to him as to whether or not he has a conflict during that time.

I know one thought that we had was if we -- if there was a conflict, we all know how trials can sometimes go away.

Maybe we could schedule something end of summer and then have

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another scheduling conference in the spring to see if our current conflicts are still conflicts or if they've gone away. With that said, I'll turn this to Mr. Randazza because I believe he had the conflict in the summer. MR. RANDAZZA: Yeah, I'm going to defer to Mr. Wolman on this because he -- this is a -- it's a Connecticut matter, and I will not pretend to understand the peculiarities of the Connecticut practice book. So, Jay, I'm going to tag you in here. MR. WOLMAN: All right. Thank you. Good morning again, Your Honor, Jay Wolman. So Your Honor is familiar that Mr. Jones, Free Speech Systems, LLC, and Infowars, LLC, are also defendants in other litigation, which includes a case in Connecticut that's been ongoing since 2018. Filed, I believe, two months after this case was filed. That trial date has moved a few times as well. And it is presently scheduled, it kind of gets a little funny, where it gets marked down in the calendar as the start

been ongoing since 2018. Filed, I believe, two months after this case was filed. That trial date has moved a few times as well. And it is presently scheduled, it kind of gets a little funny, where it gets marked down in the calendar as the start of jury selection/trial. But as with any other case, jury selection comes first, obviously. Because the nature of the case which arises from Sandy Hook-related publication statements, the Court has scheduled and anticipated essentially a one-month period for jury selection, which is to begin on August 2nd, with then opening statements/evidence the first week of September, depending upon, more or less, when

the jury selection wraps up.

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As Your Honor can expect, the Sandy Hook incident is highly sensitive in Connecticut and pretty much can't find anyone who doesn't have an opinion, wasn't affected by it in the state, especially in the counties closest to New Town, Connecticut. And the process for selecting a jury in Connecticut is pretty much unlike any I'd seen throughout the country. I can't claim to be familiar with all 50 states. But it is private individual voir dire of witnesses where the parties actually get to voir dire -- not witnesses, the jurors, potential jurors, outside the presence of the judge. And then, of course, we bring in the judge as absolutely necessary. And certainly having one's client involved in the process of selecting the juror is crucial in order to maintain, you know, due process and make sure their client has a fair trial. And so we're starting that process on August 2nd.

And, of course, the week beforehand is a lot of preparation. Presumably there will be some motions that will lead into that. So I want to make sure that the Court and the parties are clear as to, you know, the nuance of Connecticut and how lengthy that's going to be.

It's going to be a long trial in and of itself.

There are now 15 plaintiffs in that case, multiple defendants, not even just our clients. I want to make sure that the Court

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    has a full picture of that.
               THE COURT: Okay. All right. And what about --
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    have you -- did you-all look at getting dates in June or
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     earlier in July from Heidi?
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               MR. GRAVES: I don't have that. Let me -- I'm
     trying to pull up the dates that she offered to us.
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               I believe there was a conflict with the spring, but
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     I'm trying to refresh my recollection. I remember there's a
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     reason why we chose the summer, why we thought that might be
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    best, but I am trying to find our correspondence on that
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     issue. And my apologies for not knowing offhand.
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               UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm looking at an e-mail from
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     September 1st where she suggests July 27th through 29th and
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    August 1st through 5th. And then she suggests any 8-day
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     combination in August.
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               THE COURT: All right. So what I was saying, if
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     you-all think that the case could be ready for trial by --
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     well, by sometime in May.
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               MR. GRAVES: I think it depends. I think there are
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     (indiscernible) fact discovery, and there may be issues.
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     Your Honor knows, we're discussing another motion to compel
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     related to discovery. I know there's one currently pending.
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    And I don't believe any of us are -- want to take the ultimate
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    depositions, meaning of the main parties, until these
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     discovery issues are resolved. So that's one complication, I
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guess.

And then regardless of the way the Court rules, if
the Court grants these various motions, then actually there
will be some time needed to produce them and for review of
those documents. And then after that we'll have to have
expert discovery. As Your Honor knows, we're dealing with
analytics, so our damages experts will have to review those.
Once those are actually reviewed -- or produced, or I assume
Your Honor grants that motion, if you do, they'll need to
review that. They'll need to do a report. They'll need to be
deposed. And then we'll obviously have summary judgment
briefing. So I assume that May may be a little tight. But if
the defendants have an opposing view, I'd defer to them and
what their thoughts are.

THE COURT: All right. Well, what I'll do on the trial then is I would just suggest that -- that you contact Heidi and see if there are any dates in June or earlier in July for that 8-day trial. It seems like that -- you know, that should work with the schedule.

I'm not sure why -- maybe we're looking at end of
July and August just to be abundantly cautious. But if August
just isn't going to work, counsel is not available, the
parties aren't available, then there's not -- it sounds that
way.

So, and then on the motion to compel, talking about

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     Free Speech Systems, is there a request for hearing on that or
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     do you want me just to address that on the papers?
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               MR. WOLMAN: Your Honor, this is Jay Wolman.
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    believe that could be addressed on the papers.
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               THE COURT: All right. Mr. Graves or Mr. Sayeed,
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    would you like a hearing in the matter, or would you like it
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     just to be addressed on the papers?
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               MR. GRAVES: I never like to pass up an opportunity
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    to have a hearing, but I guess -- if a hearing -- I guess if
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     the Court believes that a hearing would be helpful to help
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    discuss or clarify some of the issues that are present, we'd
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     definitely be amenable to one. But I think we'd be fine
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    proceeding on the papers as they are written.
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               MR. SAYEED: And I may join Mr. Graves in that, you
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     know, sentiment. I want to make sure that's clear. As far as
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     the Court believes it's beneficial, we are happy to do it.
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               THE COURT: Okay. Well, thank you for that. I will
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    plan on addressing that motion on the papers.
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               MR. GRAVES: Okay.
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               THE COURT: Okay. All right. So, I'll make sure
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     that Heidi knows that you're going to be in touch with her
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     this week to try and get a date for the trial in June or the
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     first part of July. And then after that's set, we can --
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     you-all can confer about a schedule. And if we need to have a
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    hearing on the schedule, we can do that.
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               MR. GRAVES: Sounds good.
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               THE COURT: Okay. All right. And I think that
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     there were kind of two groups of discovery issues to take up.
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               MR. GRAVES: Yes, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: So Mr. Hoft's supplemental productions
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     and then the other is discovery requests for marketing and
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     analytics data from the Free Speech defendants and also
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    Mr. Hoft.
               MR. GRAVES: That's correct. And which issue would
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     you prefer us to address first?
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               THE COURT: Well, why don't we take up the marketing
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     and analytics.
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               MR. GRAVES: Okay. Yeah, with regards to that --
     and let me set the table a little bit. This has been an issue
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    within the Sandy Hook cases in Connecticut, this particular
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     question of analytics. The court granted those requests. But
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     the reason why we learned of certain things I'm about cite to
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     during our discussion on this is a lot of deposition testimony
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    was taken in that case related to analytics. And those
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     transcripts were produced as part of public filings related to
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    motions to compel which we have read to review and to learn
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     about the Infowars operation that becomes the analytics and
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    how the analytics reviews within that organization.
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               So taking it from a higher level, just so Your Honor
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     is aware, analytics are a tool of e-commerce businesses.
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typically allow one to track sales activity, demographics, unique users that come to a website, those types of -- that type of data is what analytics specifically is. And those analytics are stored on a cloud-based server. So typically one would just log into a server, pull down a report, you know, enter using a password, download various reports, however they want to slice and dice the data, and they can use that to inform their business practices is typically how analytics are used.

In regards to Infowars specifically, there's been testimony provided by a few people related to how they're used at Infowars. One with Alex Jones's father, who at the time that he testified, or in May of 2019, he was the manager of human resources at Free Speech Systems. And he said that Free Speech Systems would look at these analytics, specifically the sales spikes, and that Free Speech Systems will attempt to recreate whatever narrative or assertion, or allegations were made within that broadcast that produced the high spike, where they can routinely see high sales that would (inaudible) with their publication.

He said that they looked at specifically unique visitors, click views, how people were referred, how long did they stay on the site, and used all of that to govern their business.

Robert Du, who is their nightly news director, says

that he does the same thing but on YouTube. He does that.

And the purpose of doing that is to assess whether Free Speech Systems should publish a particular video on its website. And YouTube, same with their rationale, a popular video would attract an audience which in turn would attract people to buy certain products from their store. There's similar testimony from their IT manager and also from their business manager.

And so the relevance of this data is, number 1, it goes to malice. It shows is there a business incentive or a business motivation for producing certain types of story. And the benefit of looking at that, as Your Honor knows, is that it's our burden, obviously, to prove that actual malice occurred here. And one way that courts have allowed for that point to be established is through the business marketing metrics plan and analytics and things (inaudible.)

Similarly, it also is relevant to getting the sense of revenue data. How much money was made off of these publications? As Your Honor may know, we've heard in discovery related to revenue that was garnered by the Infowars or Free Speech Systems through these publications. And in their response was that because YouTube has deleted the channel, they couldn't really gather any response or documents with (inaudible.) So analytics is a way for us to back door that information and also pick up what were the specific financials related to these specific publications.

So duly seeking that is the long and short as to why we're seeking this data. We were told by Infowars defendants and also by Mr. Hoft that they're refusing to produce it. So they're not saying that it does not exist, but that they don't believe that it's relevant and should not be produced to us.

THE COURT: All right. And it looks like from their responses that -- let's see, that Infowars says it has no such responsive documents. And then Mr. Jones and Free Speech, I think their response is that each one of them is withholding any such responsive documents. (Inaudible.)

Tell me about the timeframe in your request. It looks like (inaudible). Why is that (inaudible) reasonable scope?

MR. GRAVES: Sure. Well, first of all, the January through August date is what is done in every discovery request in this case. January 2017 being the start of the year where (inaudible.) And April 2018 is the filing of the amended complaint. So that has been the timeframe that we've used for everything.

Why is that critical for this request? It is because it's important for us to establish a trend line. We need to see spikes. So, for example, as Your Honor knows through addressing the various motions in this case, courts have -- or I should say litigants or plaintiffs have shown that there may be a business motivation by looking at spikes.

So we've noticed that there's a trend line. If someone says X in April, they noticed their sales go up. So let's see if we can repeat that behavior again in June, in August, and November. And so we need to be able to establish that so that our experts can make opinions and render opinions on whether or not there is a business motivation involved.

Is there a trend that they're able to see and pick up on where certain events trigger more viewers when certain assertions are made on the broadcast? So we can't do that in isolation. We need to be able to see that.

It's akin to -- if you'll recall during our last hearing when we were discussing Mr. Gilmore's discovery responses, the defendants argued that they need to see a longer timeframe of publication to see what his baseline was prior to the event when it comes to publications, or his reputation in the community and how it extended after the Unite to Right rally and after he published his video.

Similar here, we need to see a baseline. See where things have spiked and where they have not. So that's why the timeframe is relevant.

The last request, which as Your Honor knows, we submitted three RFPs related to this topic. The last one of those does not have a built-in timeframe, and the reason why is because we're only looking for the request. And specifically, the reason why that's relevant is we want to see

the targeted nature of the request.

So, for example, if Info -- Alex Jones sent a note to Google saying I want to see what events over the past four years have triggered the greatest amount of sales so I can increase my own sales. Or I want to see what type of events got the most clicks. Those requests like that can be made at any time. But they could pull information that's responsive to this matter, Number 1. And Number 2, just the nature of the request and how it's framed could be insightful as to why it's relevant to Free Speech Systems. And so we wanted to see those -- just that communication, not so much any broad responses we may observe. In our opinion there's something really enlightening there, insightful there. But that is what we're looking at just to see how they target their request to YouTube and to these other entities.

And one thing I will note just so that Your Honor is aware, these materials have already been produced. So this isn't an issue of them having to do a substantial amount of work and searching. They're simply just reprinting or repackaging what's already been produced in Connecticut. And that should shortened timeframe. Connecticut had a much longer window of time. We're looking for a much more discrete period with regards to two, at least, their requests -- two of their requests.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Thank you.

Let's see, Mr. Randazza or Mr. Wolman, do you want to address that?

MR. WOLMAN: Sure. If I may, Your Honor, this is
Jay Wolman. You know, the Connecticut case is governed under
the Connecticut practice book under different, you know,
rubric. What the Connecticut judge determined to be under
Connecticut law, which also is, again, you know, interlocutory
opinion that could be subject to appeal where she gave no
explanation as to why she would order certain production, that
is not in any way persuasive or binding on this court and
should not be looked to.

The issue here is --

THE COURT: Didn't I already address this issue, at least in, you know, to some extent, in a January order from earlier this year? I said that the marketing and research interrogatories -- I mean, they are different requests, but they're sort of the same general subject matter -- was probative as to the showing of actual knowledge?

MR. WOLMAN: And while we understand that some things may, in terms of marketing, you know, tend to show actual malice, there's nothing here in terms of what's been represented by the plaintiff that this data would be, that it actually drove any particular content, any editorial takes, any, you know, opinions here. Any -- we're dealing with a couple of publications from Free Speech Systems that were done

right as Charlottesville was, you know, happening. That was the news of the day as a general proposition. There's no indication whatsoever from anyone in this case that that had anything — that any analytics were addressed in terms of what, you know, Ms. McAdoo's publication interview with Mr. Stranahan that was aired on Free Speech Systems or Mr. Jones's one, you know, brief commentary on Mr. Gilmore. There's nothing that has been indicated at all in this case to suggest that this expansive need for analytics data is necessary.

Now, I also need to address the scope of their request. You know, this is the first time I'm hearing Mr. Graves limiting it to what was produced in Connecticut. Because the entire scope of the request is for analytics data. Well, one, the only thing we can really do to export Google analytics is to become, for example, an Analytics 360 member to get the raw data, and that costs \$150,000 is my understanding. And if Mr. Gilmore wanted to put that up, that's up to him. But, otherwise, if you're looking for certain reports that are already in existence, you know, or can easily be produced, that's not the entirety of analytics.

What we have produced in terms of, you know, what -- already, if I recall correctly, is that if you go into Google Analytics and you punch in Charlottesville, you know, it was a very small return in terms of sales that could be tied to any

articles or any publications on the Infowars website that are directly attributable to any article that says

Charlottesville, let alone anything that would then more narrowly mention Mr. Gilmore. There's nothing to suggest that we should have to undertake to produce any of this where there is no showing that analytics in any way drove the two publications at issue and given the breadth of it. We don't believe that we're entitled to Connecticut. But, you know, things were produced in June of 2019 to opposing counsel in that case. And if the Court orders —

THE COURT: Mr. Wolman, tell me about -- you said there's nothing that indicates that this analytics drove the statements at issue in this case. I mean, is that -- is that the issue that, I guess, is in dispute between the parties? And you're saying that as if it's established. What -- tell me more why you think it's established.

MR. WOLMAN: Let's look at the case, Your Honor.

What we have first is an interview that Ms. McAdoo did with

Mr. Stranahan that was published on Infowars. You know,

that's the major one that they point to. And in that, you

know, there's been nothing to suggest Mr. Stranahan was

motivated by any form of analytics to, you know, make his

statements or that Ms. McAdoo in acknowledging Mr. Stranahan's

statements as a host would have seen in terms of analytics

going forward and deciding to do this project, do this

interview.

Neither is there anything in what's been produced to suggest that Mr. Jones's statement on, I forget which state it was, afterwards, that his decision on the topics of the day had anything to do with, you know, the analytics based on the prior interview Ms. McAdoo did with Mr. Stranahan. There is none of that. You know, so why do you even need to look at analytics when there's been nothing in the discovery to date? And they've had opportunity to depose folks before going into this invasive discovery request to then say we need this to establish their motivation for actual malice. No, because they have no baseline to say that analytics were done here.

You know, if analytics were used a handful of times over the course of, you know, an 8-year period as one would look at in the Sandy Hook case, that doesn't mean that analytics were specifically used for the two publications at issue for Free Speech Systems. And so why should we have to do any of this intrusive, potentially exorbitantly costly document production when it has nothing to do with any motivation, any showing that it related to these statements?

THE COURT: Okay. And I think you indicated that producing the raw data would be, you know, \$150,000, but that there are still existing analytics reports.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MR}}.$ WOLMAN: Yeah, on terms of Google analytics.

THE COURT: Yes.

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MR. WOLMAN: And YouTube, I don't believe we can
even access any analytics there were because, again, their
accounts been terminated. You know, for the same reason
Mr. Graves mentioned that we can't produce earnings.
          THE COURT: All right. And it looks like from your
response that Mr. Jones and Free Speech Systems do have some
analytic documents that each one is withholding; is that
right?
         MR. WOLMAN: Mr. Jones, we answered, in his
capacity, the possession company and control company that keep
control. So to the extent he can control Free Speech Systems
and that it's attributable to him, you know, anything he would
have is actually in the possession of Free Speech Systems.
          THE COURT: Okay. All right. Anything else on this
topic?
         MR. WOLMAN: I should note that to the extent that
third request about communications, you know, again, that's
going to have us do a search that we don't believe is
necessary to do and then have us search over years and review
however many communications regarding -- to determine what, if
anything, is requested about analytics. Because other than
the search term "analytics", one would have to look through
potentially however many communications came with Alphabet,
Facebook, or Twitter that might theoretically have some
numbers in it or requesting some numbers. And so there's, you
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     know, an undue burden in that.
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               THE COURT: All right. All right. Thank you,
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     Mr. Wolman.
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               All right. And Mr. Burns, what's your view?
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               MR. BURNS: Yes, Your Honor. I would echo a lot of
     the sentiment of Mr. Wolman. I think that in our case it's
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     even more limited than in the case against Mr. Jones or Free
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     Speech Systems or Infowars because the allegations against
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     Mr. Hoft all relate to a single article. And the way that,
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     you know, the Gateway Pundit works, Mr. Hoft's, you know,
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     online blog is that there are about 40 or 45 articles that
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     get -- you know, 30 to 45 articles per day that get published
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     every, you know, day in, day out, seven days a week.
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     article that's at issue here in this case is a single article.
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     There has been no deposition testimony suggesting that
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     Mr. Hoft or Gateway Pundit look at analytical spikes or
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     anything like that to drive their editorial process or article
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     selection or anything like that. And so I think what our
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     primary problem with the request is is that it's just way over
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     broad and it's not tailored to the particular article at
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     issue.
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               And if they want a baseline or something like that,
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     I can -- you know, I can understand if they want a week before
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     or a week after, something that was more meaningfully
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     tailored. You know, given the fact that we're talking about a
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single article, if they had something that they wanted to
tailor it, we wouldn't object to that, assuming it was
reasonable. But they're asking for 15 months' worth of data,
I mean, of every shred of data that we have. And that just
seems, frankly, oppressive.
          THE COURT: I mean, describe to me what that looks
like.
         MR. BURNS: Well, let me look here.
         MR. GRAVES: And, Your Honor, I can tell you. It's
in the deposition testimony for -- at least for the Infowars
defendants. I assume it's the same system.
          THE COURT: I do want to hear from you in just a
moment, but I'll hear from Mr. Burns on this.
         MR. BURNS: Yes. So some of that is certainly true.
However, I mean, it just -- to be perfectly honest, I'm not --
I haven't gone through and looked for every, every -- under
every single stone. I don't know -- so there's some answers
to the question -- so some answers to these questions I don't
know because it just -- I mean, it was facially, you know,
it -- I mean, it was breathtaking to me. So, I mean, I know
that it would be an enormous undertaking, let's put it that
way.
          THE COURT: All right. Mr. Hoft doesn't have any
reports that are prepared that analyze -- or the, I guess, any
document that analytics, it would all just be raw data from
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    him; is that right?
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               MR. BURNS: No.
                                I mean, so, you know, Gateway
 3
     Pundit does have access to a Google Analytics, you know,
 4
    platform --
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               THE COURT: Mm-hmm.
               MR. BURNS: -- which is pretty much what everybody
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     uses. And initial -- as far as a, you know, the subsequent
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     dispute that we'll be discussing in a few minutes, you know,
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    we're about to turn over some information to plaintiff which
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    will provide the information that they need so that they can
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     see precisely what, you know, the analytics related to the
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     article at issue. So, yeah.
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               THE COURT: Okay. All right. So you do have the
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     information about the analytic -- analytics related to the one
     article?
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               MR. BURNS: Yes, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Okay. All right.
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               Mr. Burns, anything else?
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               MR. BURNS: No, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT:
                          Okay. All right.
                                              For plaintiff?
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               MR. GRAVES: Yes, Your Honor. So, I quess first to
22
     talk about the burden of accessing these reports. So,
23
     again -- and if Your Honor permits us to brief this, we can
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    point you to the testimony and attach it as an exhibit.
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     it's nowhere close to as onerous as it's being represented to
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be. As the testimony explains, it's very much akin to logging on to your bank and downloading a certain period of data. You may go on there and say I want my bank statements from June to September. 15 bucks for the requested periods. You wait the ten seconds for that document to be prepared and then you open it from your download folder. That's it. There's nothing else that's crazy about it. It's the most simple task to retrieve.

So there isn't even a burden there or anything that's particularly onerous. And Mr. Hoft -- I'm sorry, Mr. Burns it seems like hasn't attempted to retrieve the data. But if he did, he would see that it really is a simple process.

Similarly, it seems like based on hearing

Mr. Wolman's argument is that the standard is we need to have
a preliminary showing that there was a business motivation
involved before we can seek discovery into whether there
actually was a business motivation involved. And that just
seems very circular.

We have deposition testimony, again, as mentioned from five employees. We know three of them, or at least Mr. Du to still be currently there, that talks about how they do access the data and how they access it routinely, and for a specific purpose, which is the business purpose of determining what works to generate more sales to their website. So we

have a preliminary showing. Surely, we don't have one related to Gilmore. We haven't finished deposition practice. But it's clear that this provides relevant data.

And Your Honor has already mentioned this in your order and, as you mentioned earlier, found this to be relevant already. We're just trying to get the data which they are refusing to provide.

And again, the data release with regard to Free Speech Systems already exists.

So the Sandy Hook case, just to drive a little bit more color, their discovery request was around 2018, 2019. I believe Mr. Wolman just stated it was produced actually in 2020. Our timeframe is just the reports within that same timeframe. We're looking at 2017 through 2018. So that data that was already produced in Sandy Hook would necessarily already be the same data that we're looking for because the Sandy Hook data has a longer timeframe than we do. They go to 2020; we go to 2018. So it's nothing new. This is just simply going to be a copy job for the Free Speech Systems. And for Mr. Hoft, it's a downloading of a bank statement.

So that is -- that's basically all I have,

Your Honor. And again, if Your Honor would like us to brief
this issue, I'm happy to provide you with these exhibits and
the deposition testimony by these Infowars or Free Speech

Systems employees so you can review it yourself and see how

1 it's used and how easy it is to retrieve. 2 MR. WOLMAN: Your Honor, I need to make a correction 3 of Mr. Graves's misrepresentation as to how analytics works. 4 You know, you have to put in a specific request for a specific 5 thing. It's not just you say state -- it's not a bank 6 statement download. There are all sorts of different queries 7 that you could run, thousands of different queries, hundreds 8 of thousands of different queries, depending upon the 9 permutations of their able -- you include. And what was 10 produced for Sandy Hook was over a broader time period and 11 therefore we cannot simply easily disambiguate. 12 You know, this is not what we believe has to do with 13 anything in this case. And it's an excessive burden. 14 is, you know, this would not be a request that anybody would 15 ever allow for the New York Times. It is not a request that 16 anybody would ever allow for the Miami Herald. This is not

MR. BURNS: Your Honor, this is John Burns. (Inaudible.)

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THE COURT: Mr. Wolman, tell me what that process for selecting -- (inaudible) put into the request for analytics, and what would that look like for the information that's been requested?

something that then (inaudible) should be required to produce.

MR. WOLMAN: Well, it's tough to say, Your Honor, because, first, what happened in Connecticut was they asked

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for similar things. And, you know, we produced a 35-page report and for some reason, Judge Bellows thought that was insufficient but didn't explain why, although she originally thought it was. And then the plaintiffs in that case provided a 100-page document of a few dozen, I don't remember how many there were, at least a dozen, different queries to run over, you know, broad periods of time. So those were specifically run based on individual queries that the plaintiff requested. Here, they haven't requested any particular query. They just say produce your analytics data. That just can't be done. There are, you know, hundreds of thousands of data points potentially. And in order to -- you can't just export all data points in the particular years, you have to produce a particular report. The only other alternative is to export the entire raw data set which costs, you know, in our understanding, at least \$150,000 to become an Analytics 360 member, which gives you that access. We are not Analytics 360 members. You know, it's not a simple process. THE COURT: Okay. And Mr. -- okay. Mr. Graves, I take it you're not seeking all the raw data. Do you have a particular query in mind? How do you see that this process unfolding if I were to -- you know, if I were to require the defendants --MR. GRAVES: We definitely can work with defendants

to create a query. Again, I challenge the notion that it is

as onerous as Mr. Wolman is representing. Again, that's why I mentioned, we're happy to brief the issue and provide you the expert testimony related to this. But there is a -- I'm not quite sure what that query would look like. Again, I can look to see and meet and confer with them on this issue. But we weren't given that opportunity because we were told that we're not going to produce anything. And so that's why we haven't done the meet and confer process. Well, we did, but we were told none of this was relevant and so there was nothing that we could retrieve. However, if that door is now open again, we're happy to meet and confer with the defendants on that particular point.

But just on the overburden part, it sounds like from Mr. Wolman's representation that, again, the work has already been done, he just doesn't want to give us too much data. So the work is now going to be in limiting it. So, again, I defer to the Court, and I'm not sure if Mr. Wolman will accept responsibility, but you can just give us everything that you produced in Sandy Hook to reduce the burden. And therefore, there is no need for redactions and no need for any type of curating. That just comes over and we can analyze that to make things simple if that's the problem.

MR. WOLMAN: Now it sounds like they're asking for a different timeframe, an extended timeframe.

THE COURT: Right. And I'm not -- I understand

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Mr. Graves's point. It does seem like, you know, that
report -- it would encompass more information than has been
sought and that I have said would be, you know, potentially
relevant in this case. So, you know, it does seem like the,
you know, the more tailored approach would be agreeing to a
particular query.
         MR. GRAVES: So we're happy to negotiate that with
defendants. Again, the meet and confer was basically -- and
I'm not blaming Mr. Wolman, he just didn't think there was
anything regarding the topic was relevant, so we (inaudible).
Happy to (indiscernible).
         MR. WOLMAN: And what I'm hearing from them is, of
course, they didn't propose -- they don't even know what
they're looking for. They're just asking for everything,
which is not what we should be required to produce.
          THE COURT: Right.
         MR. WOLMAN: And they didn't suggest anything more
narrowly tailored that they actually need.
         THE COURT: All right. And Mr. Burns, is there
something else that you wanted to say?
         MR. BURNS: No. I just wanted to echo a slight
concern about the queries. You know, again, we're perfectly
willing to discuss some sort of narrowed, tailored approach,
perfectly willing to entertain that. Of course, my one
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concern is that, you know, is an endless stream of different

queries. And if we could just have -- I guess what I'm hearing is we need to confer to discuss the different queries or whatever. But just so long as there's not an endless train of, you know, new queries that are just popping up. Just so that we can keep it tight. That's all.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well here's what I'm going to do on this issue. I don't think it needs to be briefed any further. You know, this — the nature of this information was briefed and argued. And I addressed it in an Order and Opinion back in January finding that as long as the requests were, you know, tailored to the time around the publications that the information would be relevant. You know, here these requests cover — it's a little bit more than a year. I think that when you're analyzing trends and things like that that it's a reasonable timeframe. Perhaps it could be narrowed to 12 months, but I'm not sure that that really achieves much at all.

So let me just say this. I do think that the information sought is relevant. And it -- and I think any concern about the cost or the burdensomeness in producing raw data, it appears that that's not what plaintiff is requesting. And that that concern can be addressed by having the parties meet and confer on having a particular query for the information. And what I'm going to do is require that you-all would do that within the next seven days.

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Like Mr. -- I echo Mr. Burns's concern about not
having this go on and have repeated requests. I think this
needs to be addressed soon and taken care of. So that's what
I will ask that you-all do is that you meet and confer in the
next seven days so that a particular query can be developed
and that the resulting report of the analytics can be
produced. I do think it's -- I think it's relevant.
          MR. GRAVES: Yes, Your Honor, we will do that.
          THE COURT: All right. Is there anything else on
that issue?
         MR. GRAVES: Nothing from plaintiff.
         MR. WOLMAN: No, Your Honor.
         MR. BURNS: No, Your Honor.
         THE COURT:
                     All right. Then moving on to the issues
with Mr. Hoft.
         MR. GRAVES: Yes, Your Honor. For this one, I'm
going to defer to my colleague, Miss Kimya Saied. She'll be
arguing for plaintiff with regard to Mr. Burns and Mr. Hoft.
          THE COURT: All right. Miss Saied.
          MS. SAIED: Good morning, Your Honor.
          Plaintiff has identified four specific discovery
issues regarding Mr. Hoft's discovery responses on which,
Your Honor, guidance would be appreciate. And we're happy to
take those in the order that they were laid out in the e-mails
Mr. Hoft sent or whatever order Your Honor prefers.
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THE COURT: That's fine.

MS. SAIED: Okay. I'll start with a bit of procedural background which I think underscores the difficulty plaintiff has faced in getting the discovery to which plaintiff is entitled and to also just timely and efficiently moving this case forward. All four discovery disputes concern information sought by plaintiff's first set of RFPs which plaintiff served in March of last year, so March 2020. At this point these requests have been outstanding for more than 18 months. And they also concern information sought by the second set of RFPs which were served in January of this year, so ten months at this point.

Both sets of these RFPs were also the subject of the Court's April 2021 order, that's Docket 271, which required Mr. Hoft to supplement his production to the first set of RFPs by the end of April, and to RFP42 and the second set of RFPs by May 5th. This is all to say, Your Honor, plaintiff has been waiting for these discovery responses for months at this point and it's concerned that the continued delay will -- has severely prejudiced plaintiff's ability to advance this case and prepare for depositions now that we're nearing the end of fact discovery.

With that foundation, Your Honor, I'll take the first issue that was laid out in the e-mail which concerns plaintiff's RFPs seeking documents showing the revenue

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generated by Mr. Hoft's defamatory publication. These RFPs
were, again, a part of the first set from March 2020.
response to plaintiff's RFPs, Mr. Hoft did not assert any
specific objections, instead representing that he would
produce whatever documents he had in his possession.
          In May of 2020, he produced four documents. None of
those documents reflected the revenue generated by the
defamatory publication. And in response to Your Honor's
April 2021 order requiring Mr. Hoft to review and supplement
his production to these RFPs by the end of April and early
May, plaintiff had not received any responsive documents.
Instead, last month, Your Honor, we learned that there were
responsive documents that Mr. Hoft had just not yet produced.
And he represented during our meet and confer that he would
provide those documents to plaintiff by September 21st.
unfortunately, we did not receive any documents from Mr. Hoft
on that day. And we've also followed up multiple times over
e-mail and our requests about the status of these documents,
our e-mails have been ignored. So we would appreciate
Your Honor's guidance on how best to move this forward, again,
given how long this has been outstanding.
          THE COURT: All right. Mr. Burns?
         MR. BURNS: Yes, Your Honor. So, as far as that's
concerned, as far as the revenue information for the
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particular article, as I indicated earlier in the hearing,

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     we're prepared to produce that today. We've got it, so we
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    will turn those over today.
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               THE COURT: All right. And just e-mail that
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     information over or how are you --
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               MR. BURNS: Yeah. There's only like two different
     documents, so, yeah, I will e-mail it to them.
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 7
               THE COURT: Okay. All right.
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               All right. Is there -- Mr. Burns, is there any
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     reason for the -- why is that issue coming to me to resolve
    here? It sounds like --
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               MR. BURNS: Your Honor, yeah. You know, Your Honor,
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     I apologize about that. My client is currently a litigant in
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     another lawsuit that required me to be in Denver all -- well,
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     for most of last week. And it has been extremely challenging
15
    given the lack of human resources in that particular case
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    because it's even more complex in some respects than -- well,
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     it is more complex than this current case, and it has required
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    nearly all of my attention. So I am sorry that it has come to
    this.
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               THE COURT: All right. Okay. Ms. Saied, let's move
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    on to the second one.
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               Well, let me say this. Mr. Burns, of these other
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     three categories, are you prepared to produce documents for
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     any of these others as well or is there an actual dispute?
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               MR. BURNS: So the only actual dispute would be --
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hold on, let me look through this one moment, Your Honor.

So for the fourth item, I'm waiting for about six —
there's about six different of those text messages or Facebook
messages that — they're seeking the broader context, you
know, for messages before and after. I'm waiting for a
vendor, and I should have that by the end of the week. But
all the rest of them I will be producing today.

For the -- they had a concern about -- for the third item. They had -- plaintiffs had a concern about metadata for all -- for various graphics, different items that were produced as part of a 94-page PDF. And according to our vendor, there are -- there is no native metadata except -- except for one particular photograph. So we can produce that. I may need by the end of the week to get that particular one, but there's only a single one.

Let's see here. I guess the only real dispute here, Your Honor, would be the various social media accounts. Plaintiff asked -- so we had our vendor go through and try to pull these different social media accounts. Some of these different social media accounts, and there's a number of them, were only set up within the past 18 months or less. The difficulty has been that the vendor has not been able to gain access, not because of what -- not because of us. But they've either -- it's different in every case. It's different in -- I mean, case by case. But in some of the cases the particular

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     social media platform won't give the vendor access to assist
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     this -- to assist with this. I have written to some of the
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     vendors -- I'm sorry, some of the different platforms asking
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     them to just turn over access, you know, of our -- what are
 5
     essentially Mr. Hoft's posts so that we can have --
               THE COURT: Mr. Burns, are you still there?
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               Mr. Burns?
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               THE CLERK: He was connected, Your Honor. But now
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    he just dropped from the call. So hopefully he'll call back
     in.
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               THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well why don't we
     just sit tight for a minute then.
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               THE CLERK:
                           Okay.
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               MR. BURNS: Your Honor, this is John Burns. I got
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    disconnected. I apologize. I don't know what happened.
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                           That's okay. Thanks for calling back
               THE COURT:
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     in. You were just telling me about your attempt to --
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               MR. BURNS: Yes. Yes, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: -- (inaudible) platform.
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               MR. BURNS:
                          Yes, sir.
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               So in some of the situations I tried to circumvent
     any sort of, you know, problem. Because in some instances,
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     you know, their tech people were just simply not responding to
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    the vendor. So I wrote, you know, to the legal, you know, web
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     address for the site where I could find them. In the one
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     instance -- in the case of gab.com, their counsel wrote me
     back and said, you know, that I'd have to get a court order in
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     order to get the information.
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               Now to this, plaintiff says, well, we want you to
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     turn over all of your correspondence, you know, with these
     different -- these different platforms. And it just, you
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     know, it's suggesting -- it's implying that I didn't actually
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     do what I said I did. And it just simply kind of rubbed me
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     the wrong way. Because it reminded me of something that
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     Mr. Hassen Sayeed said in response to one of my pleadings in
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     which I suggested that he misrepresented something. And he
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     brought up a really good point that alleging misrepresentation
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     is a very serious allegation.
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               So, I mean, we've done our due diligence. I've had
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     vendors try to pull this information. We've turned over
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     information where we were able to get it. If we have not been
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     able to provide the information regarding the social media
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     stuff, it hasn't been for a lack of trying. It's just
     simply -- it's, frankly, outside of our possession, custody,
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     or control. And, you know, I think that it's -- at this point
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     it's something that plaintiff just needs to subpoena.
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               THE COURT: Well, and are you willing to just
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     provide a consent so that the plaintiff can access those?
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               MR. BURNS: Sure.
                                  Sure.
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               THE COURT:
                          Yeah, okay.
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               MR. BURNS: So long as it's reasonable. And I'm
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     willing to, you know, work with the plaintiff on setting those
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    parameters. But absolutely. Yeah. No problem.
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               MS. SAIED: Your Honor, this is Kimya. May I
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     respectfully interject and respond to some of those issues?
               THE COURT: Yes. Hold on a second.
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               Mr. Burns, is there anything else?
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               MR. BURNS: I think that that's it.
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               THE COURT: Okay. All right. Miss Saied.
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               MS. SAIED:
                           Sure. Your Honor, just in the interest
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    of making sure the record is clear on what -- on what
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    plaintiff has requested and what Mr. Burns is agreeing to
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    provide by when. Taking that last issue first. The dispute
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     concerns specifically 13 social media sites where either
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    Mr. Hoft or Gateway Pundit maintains accounts and where
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    plaintiff has not -- I should say Mr. Burns has represented
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     that he has been unable to collect, search, or review the
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     documents. We learned about this, these 13 sites, on
     September 20th. So that's months after the Court's deadline
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     and well after -- well after when these responses were due
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     last year. So we followed up with Mr. Burns inquiring about
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     the specific basis for each of these sites and why it was not
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    possible for Mr. Hoft to collect and review the responsive
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    documents and merely trying to understand the basis for the
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     delay.
           And Mr. Burns has not responded to three e-mails that
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we have sent since September 20th wanting to understand the basis for the delay and whether, in fact, all of them were requiring, for example, a court order or not.

We are also somewhat skeptical that Mr. Hoft can't, in fact, access his own documents on at least some of these sites. A Google search shows that Gateway Pundit has been active on at least some of these sites as recently as this month. And under these circumstances, plaintiff thought it was reasonable to request either Mr. Hoft's correspondence reflecting his attempts to collect these documents from the social media accounts and/or substantiation to support his assertion that he can't access the documents on his own accounts.

As Your Honor may recall, earlier this year

Mr. Stranahan made some similar claims regarding his access to
documents on social media accounts. And Your Honor ordered

Mr. Stranahan to provide plaintiff's counsel contact
information and the correspondence for the individuals who may
have the social media content. And that was the animating
basis for plaintiff's request to Mr. Hoft. And plaintiff
respectfully requests that a similar order makes sense here
given the number of outstanding social media sites and the
difficulty plaintiff has had in gaining any sort of detailed
insight into the specific basis why we are still waiting

18 months later for the documents from these sites to be

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     collected and reviewed for production.
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               I would also like to respond to the other two issues
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     that Mr. Burns raised, but it might make sense for me to pause
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     here and for us to resolve the social media issue before
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     discussing the others.
               THE COURT: And would having a concern for the
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     plaintiff to be able to access the information directly
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     through the e-mail, would that address some of your concerns?
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               MS. SAIED: I think, Your Honor, we could certainly
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     be open to that. I'm just mindful that at the end of the day
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     these are -- we don't want the burden to be on the plaintiff
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     to try and discover the documents that are, at the end of the
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     day, within Mr. Hoft's possession and control. These are
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     documents on his social media account. But we certainly would
     be open to exploring, exploring as Your Honor suggests.
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               THE COURT: All right.
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               All right. Mr. Burns, can you address this issue
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     about the social media accounts, and in particular that --
               MR. BURNS: Sure.
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                           Why is there so much trouble actually
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     accessing these sites?
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               MR. BURNS: So, I'm -- I don't speak technology very
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     well.
           So I'm slightly ignorant. So I'd like to draw a
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     distinction between Mr. Hoft and Mr. Stranahan. Mr. Stranahan
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     is, you know, obviously, operating pro se.
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               THE COURT: And I tell you, I mean, I really just
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     want to hear, you know, what your efforts are. I didn't find
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     that --
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               MR. BURNS: Sure.
                                  Sure.
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               THE COURT: -- (indiscernible) comparison.
               MR. BURNS: Sure. So I'm relying upon primarily one
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     particular -- one -- so all the different vendors that we've
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     gone through have had certain capabilities and not -- and some
     capabilities they don't have. There's one particular vendor
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     called Percipient which we relied upon to get all these
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    different social media, you know, all the different social
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    media information. And the process -- Miss Saied mentioned
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     that, you know, that Mr. Hoft is posting. There's a
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     difference between posting and then having the ability to
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     actually download or pull the data so that you can then put
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     the data into -- you know, I mean, whether it's relativity or
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     logical, you know, put it into some format where you can
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     actually cull through the information and search through it
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    using, you know, the various, you know, key words that were
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     agreed upon. Right? And so this is specifically what we
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     tasked Percipient with doing.
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               And what they came back to us was, and we went
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     around and around with, you know, so we were able to produce a
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    number of these. Right? We were able to produce, I don't
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     know, six or -- I don't know how many it was. But we were
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able to produce a number of the different social media
accounts because they were able to pull it. For the rest of
them they just said, look, we're not able to get this.
know, we're not able to extract it. We've been working with,
you know, these. We've reached out to -- in the situation
with Twitter, for example, we've reached out to Twitter and
they're just simply not, you know, playing ball. They're not
willing to work with us.
          So -- and so that's what I -- you know, in a, I
quess, I can't remember what the date of the e-mail that I
sent to Miss Saied, I mentioned that this is what we were able
to get. This is what we weren't able to get. And we relied
upon a vendor to do this.
         We specifically got this vendor, among others, to
ensure that we're looking over every -- you know, we're
lifting up every rock to find everything that's responsive.
And, you know, I just don't know what else to do, Your Honor,
frankly.
         THE COURT: What is Percipient telling you about
Twitter, and why Twitter isn't --
         MR. BURNS: So Twitter --
          Yes. So Twitter -- Mr. Hoft's Twitter account was
permanently suspended back in February. And so when that
happens, they completely shut down access to your -- for lack
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of a better term, the back end where you can actually extract

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1
     the data.
 2
               THE COURT: All right.
 3
               MS. SAIED: Your Honor, may I briefly respond?
 4
               THE COURT: Sure.
 5
               MS. SAIED: Just for the sake of clarity, we are not
 6
     looking for all data from these sites. We are specifically
 7
     looking for his posts and dropped messages, to the extent that
 8
     makes a difference. I hear Mr. Burns citing that it's hard to
 9
     access or co-opt the data. We are specifically interested in
10
     actual posts.
11
               And to make this more concrete, two of the social
12
     media sites or apps that are pending are, like, Signal and
13
     Telegram where messages and posts would be particularly
14
     relevant. And it can go through the other social media sites
     that are pending as well. So I'll defer to Your Honor on
15
16
     whether that would be helpful.
17
               THE COURT: All right. Mr. Burns, I mean, is
18
     that -- can that information be pulled from the sites, just
19
     the posts and direct messages?
20
               MR. BURNS: So here's the issue, Your Honor. You
21
     know, the sites that just speak generally about these
22
     different platforms, they don't have good strong search
23
     functionality. And so one of the reasons why we wanted to get
24
     the vendors in here, the whole genesis of us getting vendors
25
     in here was that the search features were inherently faulty.
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And we couldn't be sure that we were -- you know, by putting
     the search terms in, you know, to the place -- to the
 3
     platforms where you could actually search. Some of the
     platforms just simply don't allow you to search or their
 5
     search functionality is just really awful.
               So, the whole purpose of getting the -- of being
 6
 7
     able to extract the data was so that you could -- you know,
 8
     for the -- you know, between the time periods of, you know,
     March of 2017, you know, through the present, was so that we
10
     could methodically and authoritatively and with finality
     search through the data, run it, you know, professionally, so
12
     that we could provide the plaintiff with something that we
13
     were absolutely certain was the full universe of information
     that was turned up, (indiscernible) the information that was
15
     turned up by those key word searches.
16
               So I don't know of any other way to do it other than
     to extract the data because of the inherent limitations of the
18
     platforms.
19
               THE COURT: All right. And with that -- I mean, is
     that what your vendors are telling you too?
20
21
               MR. BURNS: Yes.
22
               THE COURT: It can't harvest the codes and direct
23
     messages?
               MR. BURNS: Yes. So for example -- yes, that's
25
     precisely correct. Again, as far as Twitter is concerned, we
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1
     can't -- it's the same story as with the posts, the direct
     messages are completely frozen. And we don't have access to
 2
 3
     them.
 4
               THE COURT: So, I mean, can Mr. Hoft even sign in to
 5
     the Twitter account and see these posts?
 6
               MR. BURNS: So, yes and no. Mr. Hoft can sign into
 7
     the account, but he can't see any of his own posts and he
 8
     can't see any of his direct messages.
 9
               THE COURT: Okay. So those have all just then have
     been removed?
10
11
               MR. BURNS: They're totally locked out.
                                                        It's my
12
     understanding they exist, but we simply don't have it.
13
     There's no way that we can access them, short of a court
     order.
14
               THE COURT: And is that the same for Signal and
15
16
     Telegram?
17
               MR. BURNS: No. I think -- it's my understanding
18
     that for Signal and Telegram, along with some of these other
19
     ones, that they're simply just not cooperative.
20
               THE COURT: All right. But are you -- Mr. Burns,
21
     are you -- if you could access these, do you think that
22
     they're not relevant? Is there any reason not to turn over
23
     the posts and direct messages from these social media
24
     accounts?
25
               MR. BURNS: The ones that are -- to the extent that
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1
     they're relevant to the case, of course, they're relevant.
                                                                 Ιf
 2
     you're asking --
 3
               THE COURT: I was saying, is there the will to turn
 4
    over these -- you know, these --
 5
               MR. BURNS: Yeah. Absolutely.
               THE COURT: But you're just saying there's not the
 6
 7
     way?
 8
               MR. BURNS: Yes, Your Honor. We're not -- I'm not
 9
     trying to be obstructionist here. In fact, I would like --
10
     really, I would like this issue to be over.
11
               THE COURT: Is there -- you mentioned a court order
12
    would help. I mean --
13
               MR. BURNS: Well, yes.
               THE COURT: -- what kind of court order do you need?
14
15
               MR. BURNS: Well, I mean, you know, if the Court
16
    would be so inclined, if we could get -- you know, frankly, I
17
    wouldn't even have a problem with -- if you were so inclined
18
     to grant us a court order which we could then take to these
19
    particular platforms. And if this is what plaintiff wants us
     to do, then that's fine. A court order saying look, turn over
20
21
    the information to Hoft so that -- or to Hoft's vendor so that
22
    he can cull through it and, you know, do what he needs to do
23
    with it. And I could draft up a proposed order if Your Honor
24
    would like to sign it. And we would be happy to take that to
25
     the various platforms and to serve it upon them.
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THE COURT: All right.

Ms. Saied, is that something that you think would be effective and that you could work with Mr. Burns on to sort of craft a draft or that would, you know, require these platforms to give him access to the posts and messages that you want and to provide a timeframe for that production?

MS. SAIED: Yes, Your Honor, that seems fine to us. I think we're happy to work with Mr. Burns. And so long as Mr. Burns is taking on the burden of actually collecting and searching for the documents, we are happy to meet and confer with him leading up to that.

I think the only other thing that we're mindful of is just the late stage of discovery that we're at and making sure we are doing this on a timetable that is reasonable so that we can actually use the information that's collected for depositions and general case preparation.

THE COURT: Yeah. And what I would say is that in the order, you know, allow maybe 14 days for these platforms to produce the information and then there be some additional period for Mr. Burns to review that information after it's produced. I would think another 14 days would be adequate. And if you-all can -- can you get together on that order and present it to me? I'll get it signed and entered.

MR. BURNS: Sure.

MR. GRAVES: Yes, Your Honor.

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1
               MS. SAIED:
                           Yes, Your Honor.
 2
               THE COURT:
                           Okay. All right.
 3
               Does that address, I quess, this fourth topic about
     the social media?
 4
 5
               MS. SAIED: That's right, Your Honor.
 6
               THE COURT: Okay.
 7
                           The fourth topic I believe is resolved.
               MS. SAIED:
 8
     If Your Honor will permit me to respond to the other two
     issues that Mr. Burns touched on.
 9
10
               THE COURT: Yes.
11
               MS. SAIED: I believe Mr. Burns indicated -- the
12
     second issue concerns Mr. Hoft's production of text messages
13
     that omitted the relevant surrounding the preceding and
14
     subsequent messages from each produced message, as well as
15
     omitting the identity of the person's involved in the
16
     responsive conversations. And I understand from Mr. Burns
17
     that he just represented that he would -- he would be willing
18
     to supplement his production and provide the preceding and
19
     subsequent messages, as well as identify the persons involved
20
     in the conversation. I think the part that just gives me
21
     pause, Your Honor, is we -- the parties -- I should say,
22
     plaintiffs received Mr. Hoft's production in August. The
23
     parties met and conferred about this very issue and the fact
24
     that the messages as we had received them, they were not
25
     usable to the plaintiff. We're not able to review them and
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understand what we're looking at. And we asked Mr. Burns what was a reasonable date by which he would be able to supplement the production. And he suggested October 1st. Plaintiff did not receive any documents from Mr. Hoft on that day. And we have since followed up with Mr. Burns via e-mail and have received no responses. And so I think there is just -- while I appreciate the offer I made on today's call with the Court about supplementing the production with the surrounding messages and identifying the identities of the individuals on each conversation, we are just mindful of Mr. Hoft's prior discovery record and the late stage of discovery and want to make sure this is resolved in a timely way.

THE COURT: It sounds like Mr. Burns has committed to producing some of this information today and then some by the end of the week. And I am going to issue just a short order today that would note that commitment, but also order that it be done according to that schedule.

MS. SAIED: Great, Your Honor.

So I understood Mr. Burns to say that the documents reflecting the revenue generated from the defamatory publication, we would be receiving those documents today. And that based on what Your Honor just said, that we would be receiving the surrounding text messages to the 62 messages Mr. Hoft previously produced by the end of this week.

So if that understanding is correct, that works for

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plaintiff.
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               THE COURT: That's what I thought Mr. Burns said.
 2
 3
               Mr. Burns, is that right?
 4
               MR. BURNS: That is correct, Your Honor.
 5
               THE COURT: Okay. All right. And then for the,
 6
     like, for the third item, it's not like there was one
 7
     additional or some additional metadata about one document that
 8
     you thought you would produce by the end of the week. Is that
     also true?
 9
10
               MR. BURNS: Yes, Your Honor. I just have to -- I
11
     have to get that particular item from one of the vendors
12
     and -- but that shouldn't be a problem.
13
               MS. SAIED: And on that point, Your Honor, if I may.
14
     This is a 94-page PDF that is very -- I would say impossible
     to understand what we are looking at. It combines several
15
16
     otherwise separate e-mail communications, Facebook screen
17
     shots, other miscellaneous images. And we met and conferred
18
     about this in June. And Mr. Hoft represented that he would
19
     remedy the deficiencies. And I just, I guess I want to make
20
     sure will we be receiving an entirely corrected production
21
     such that we can actually understand what documents go with
22
     which -- go together and what are actually separate documents
23
     and what their sources are? It's just not -- I'm not quite
24
     sure on what Mr. Burns has represented he would remedy.
25
               THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Burns.
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               MR. BURNS: Yes, Your Honor. That would also fall
 2
     under the ambit of the end-of-the-week representation.
 3
               THE COURT: Okay. So to break out these, these
 4
    different groups of documents that were in that 94-page PDF so
 5
     that it's (indiscernible), but --
               MR. BURNS: Comprehensible, yes.
 6
 7
               THE COURT: Okay. Okay.
 8
               All right. Ms. Saied, anything else on that?
 9
               MS. SAIED: No, Your Honor. I would just -- I guess
10
    we would just ask for your court's guidance to the extent we
11
    have not received some or all of these documents by the end of
12
     the week, what would -- should we go ahead and reach out to
13
    Miss Dotson? We would appreciate your quidance on the best
14
    way to resolve it to the extent these discovery issues are not
15
     addressed by the end of the week.
16
               THE COURT: Well, Mr. -- here's what I'll tell you.
17
    Mr. Burns, if there's something unforeseen, out of your
18
     control that delays that production, please tell the
19
    plaintiff's counsel about that and give them an update for
     when it will be done. I don't expect that there is going to
20
21
    be any further delay, but sometimes things happen.
22
               MR. BURNS: Certainly, Your Honor. I will do that.
23
               THE COURT: And if it is something that is
24
    unreasonably, you know, Ms. Saied, then please let Miss Dotson
25
     know on Monday and we can go ahead and get it, get it back on.
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1
               Yeah, at some point -- Mr. Burns, I feel like you're
2
     working through this. And I know you have a lot of other
 3
     things to do, but at some point there are just going to have
 4
     to be some sanctions that fall for delayed productions. And
 5
     I, you know, I think we're probably getting close to that.
     But I feel like you're working through this. I know that
 6
7
     you're -- I think that you're working in good faith on this,
 8
     so I certainly don't think it's time. But at a certain point
 9
     it's just, you know, one of those things we'll have to -- my
     hands will just be tied at a certain point, okay?
10
11
               MR. BURNS: Yes, Your Honor. I understand.
12
               THE COURT: All right.
13
               All right. Anything else to take up today?
14
               MS. SAIED: Nothing from the plaintiff, Your Honor.
15
               MR. WOLMAN: This is Jay Wolman. No, Your Honor.
16
               THE COURT: All right. Okay. Counsel, thank you
17
     all for calling in. And Mr. Creighton, thank you for calling
18
     in.
         And take care.
          (FTR recording concluded at 10:56 A.M.)
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I, DONNA J. PRATHER, do hereby certify that the
4	above and foregoing, consisting of the preceding 53 pages,
5	constitutes a true and accurate transcription of the FTR
6	recording provided, and is a full, true and complete
7	transcript of the proceedings to the best of my ability.
8	Dated this November 4, 2021.
9	
10	<u>S/Donna J. Prather</u> DONNA J. PRATHER, RPR, CRR, CBC, CCP
11	Federal Official Court Reporter
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